09/512,838





INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(51) International Patent Classification 7:
H04M 15/00
A2
(11) International Publication Number: WO 00/51334
(43) International Publication Date: 31 August 2000 (31.08.00)

US

US

(21) International Application Number: PCT/US00/04909 (81) Designated States: CA, JP, European pat

(22) International Filing Date: 25 February 2000 (25.02.00) SE).

25 February 2000 (25.02.00)

(30) Priority Data: 60/121,736 26 February 1999 (26.02.99)

.

(71) Applicant: LUCENT TECHNOLOGIES, INC. [US/US]; 600 Mountain Avenue, Murray Hill, NJ 07974-0636 (US).

(72) Inventors: BLACKBURN, Connie; 933 Murphy Ranch Road, Milpitas, CA 95035 (US). BRAND, Joel; 1001 Murphy Ranch Road, Milpitas, CA 95035 (US). VARNEY, Douglas, William; 1082 Huntleigh Drive, Naperville, IL 60540 (US).

(74) Agents: HAVERSTOCK, Thomas, B. et al.; Haverstock & Owens LLP, Suite 420, 260 Sheridan Avenue, Palo Alto, CA 94306 (US).

(81) Designated States: CA, JP, European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE).

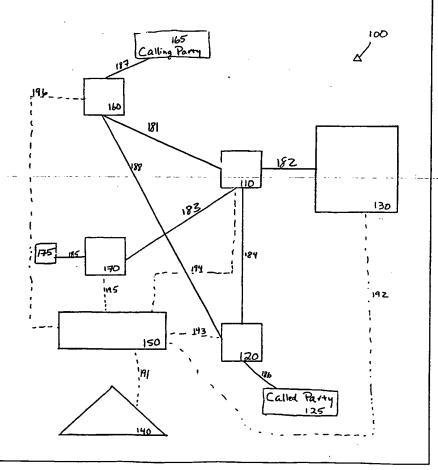
Published

Without international search report and to be republished upon receipt of that report.

(54) Title: BILLING SYSTEM AND METHOD

(57) Abstract

A billing system and method automatically charges a call to a predetermined telephone line wherein the call is placed by a calling party through a service. This service is any one or combination of a voice mail system, a call forwarding system, and the like. Preferably, this billing system and method also automatically charges the call to a predetermined telephone line even when the calling party places the call from a remote location. The billing system and method preferably includes a signal control point coupled to the calling party, the predetermined telephone line, and the service. Preferably, the signal control point is configured to implement the billing system and the method such that the call placed by the calling party through the service is billed to the predetermined telephone line. A terminating attempt trigger within a switch associated with predetermined telephone line preferably directs this switch to record a duration of the call and a particular feature utilized for the call. As a result, this switch associated with the predetermined telephone line stores both the call duration and the particular feature associated with the call in a single record. Accordingly, the billing system and method does not need to perform additional steps or add further complexity to obtain both the call duration and the particular feature associated with the call. Further, the calling party is preferably capable of selecting the predetermined telephone line which serves as a telephone line to be billed.



FOR THE PURPOSES OF INFORMATION ONLY

Codes used to identify States party to the PCT on the front pages of pamphlets publishing international applications under the PCT.

AL	Albania	ES	Spain	LS	Lesotho	SI	Slovenia
AM	Armenia	FI	Finland	LT	Lithuania	SK	Slovakia
AT	Austria	FR	France	LU	Luxembourg	SN	Senegal
ΑU	Australia	GA	Gabon	LV	Latvia	SZ	Swaziland
ΑZ	Azerbaijan	GB	United Kingdom	MC	Monaco	TD	Chad
BA	Bosnia and Herzegovina	GE	Georgia	, MD	Republic of Moldova	TG	Togo
BB	Barbados	GH	Ghana	MG	Madagascar	TJ	Tajikistan
BE	Belgium	GN	Guinea	MK	The former Yugoslav	TM	Turkmenistan
BF	Burkina Faso	GR	Greece		Republic of Macedonia	TR	Turkey
BG	Bulgaria	HU	Hungary	ML	Mali	TT	Trinidad and Tobago
BJ	Benin	IE	Ireland	MN	Mongolia	UA	Ukraine
BR	Brazil	IL	Israel	MR	Mauritania	UG	Uganda
BY	Belarus	· IS	Iceland	MW	Malawi	US	United States of America
CA	Canada	IT	Italy	MX	Mexico	UZ	Uzbekistan
CF	Central African Republic	JP	Japan	NE	Niger	VN	Viet Nam
CG	Congo	KE	Kenya	NL	Netherlands	YU	Yugoslavia
CH	Switzerland	KG	Kyrgyzstan	NO	Norway	zw	Zimbabwe
CI	Côte d'Ivoire	KP	Democratic People's	NZ	New Zealand	2,,,	Zimoabwe
CM	Cameroon		Republic of Korea	PL	Poland		
CN	China	KR	Republic of Korea	PT	Portugal		
CU	Cuba	KZ	Kazakstan	RO	Romania		
CZ	Czech Republic	LC	Saint Lucia	RU	Russian Federation		
DE	Germany	LI	Liechtenstein	SD	Sudan		
DK	Denmark	LK	Sri Lanka	SE	Sweden		
EE	Estonia	LR	Liberia	SG	Singapore		

WO 00/51334



Billing System and Method

Related Applications

5

This application claims priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) of the co-pending U.S. provisional application Serial Number 60/121,736 filed on February 26, 1999 and entitled "Billing System and Method." The provisional application Serial Number 60/121,736 filed on February 26, 1999 and entitled "Billing System and Method" is also hereby incorporated by reference.

10

Field of the Invention

This invention relates to the field of telecommunications systems. More particularly, this invention relates to the field of billing calls placed within telecommunications systems employing intelligent networks.

15

Background of the Invention

20

In the past, accurately billing telephone calls that occur through a service to a calling party was a slow, complex, and difficult process which had a high potential for errors. Prior art billing systems and methods typically rely on a "match and merge" billing system. In general, two main items are needed to perform accurate billing. First, a time duration of a particular event is needed. Secondly, identification of a particular feature that was utilized for this particular event is also needed. Outgoing calls, directory assistance, specialty services (ie. 900 and 976 numbers), and the like are examples of particular features.

25

30

For example, consider a user interacting with a voice mail system. In this example, the user listens to a message and desires to call the person that left the message (message leaver). In some prior systems the user would hang up and initiate a second call to the message leaver; such systems are not contemplated here. In other prior systems, the voice mail system can place the call to the message leaver for the user. As a result, the user has two concurrent active calls; a first call to the voice mail system and a second call, from the voice mail system to the message leaver, even though the user does not hang up between these calls. Generally, the telephony service provider desires charging the user for both

these calls. One difficulty can arise owing to the location of the message leaver. Presume that the user's call to the voice mail system is a local call, but the call to the message leaver is a long distance call. The telephony service provide desires to charge the caller for the local call and also for the long distance call even though both calls occur at the same time.

The goal is to accurately bill the user for the call originating from the voice mail system to the recipient. In this example, the call from the voice mail system to the recipient allows the user and the recipient to communicate. According to this match and merge billing system, a switch which corresponds to outgoing calls from the voice mail system records a time duration and also a switch start time indicating a start time of this call from the voice mail system to the recipient. Further, the voice mail system records a voice mail start time indicating a start time of the call between the voice mail system and the recipient, and the voice mail system also records that the feature executed by the voice mail system in this example is an outgoing call. Recall that the two items which are essential for accurate billing are the time duration of a particular event and the feature which is utilized for the particular event. In order for the prior art billing systems to know both the required duration time and particular feature, the match and merge billing system must perform a match of the precise switch start time of the switch and the precise voice mail start time of the voice mail system. After a successful match between the switch start time and the voice mail start time, the match and merge billing system must finally merge the time duration and the particular feature of the particular event into a single record.

The prior art match and merge billing system relies on matching the switch start time and the voice mail start time together. Matching the switch start time and the voice mail start time is a somewhat unreliable process because matching the clocks belonging the voice mail system and the switch are very difficult. Additional error correction steps must be performed to increase reliability when matching start times running on different platforms. These additional steps add to the complexity and inefficiency of the prior art match and merge billing system.

The above example illustrates some of the complexities and uncertainty associated with the match and merge billing system. In particular, matching start times in order to accurately bill a single call requires numerous steps related to matching the start times and providing error correction. This results in additional complexity of the match and merge

5

10

15

20

25

WO 00/51334

5

10

15

20

30

PCT/US00/04909

billing system. The complexities and inefficiencies of the match and merge billing system become amplified and even more substantial because many thousands of calls are placed through a service such as a voice mail system and need to be billed each day.

What is needed is an efficient and accurate billing system and method which seamlessly and automatically bills a predetermined telephone line for a call placed by a calling party to a called party through a service. What is further needed is a billing system and method that operates without needing to match start times of two or more services.

Summary of the Invention

The present invention is a billing system and method that automatically charges a call to a predetermined telephone line when the call is placed by a calling party to a called party through a service. This service is any one or combination of a voice mail system, a call forwarding system, and the like. Preferably, this billing system and method also automatically charges the call to a predetermined telephone line even when the calling party places the call from a remote location, such as via a voice message system. The billing system and method preferably includes a signal control point coupled to the calling party, the predetermined telephone line, and the service. Preferably, the signal control point is configured to implement the billing system and method such that the call placed by the calling party through the service is billed to the predetermined telephone line. A terminating attempt trigger within a switch associated with predetermined telephone line preferably directs this switch to record a duration of the call and a particular feature utilized for the call. As a result, this switch, associated with the predetermined telephone line, stores both the call duration and the particular feature associated with the call in a single record. Accordingly, the billing system and method does not need to perform additional steps or add-further-complexity to obtain both the call duration and the particular feature associated with the call. Further, the calling party is preferably capable of selecting the predetermined telephone line which serves as a telephone line to be billed.

The billing system and method preferably provides seamless automated call billing to the predetermined telephone line regardless of where the calling party places the call and which service(s) the call is routed through. As a result, the billing system and method seamlessly bills the calling party at the predetermined telephone line for calls placed through the service(s). The billing system and method is preferably configured to operate

within an Intelligent Network service. Further, by utilizing this billing system and method, a telephone company is capable of simplifying their billing process to accurately and efficiently charge the predetermined telephone line for the call placed through the service(s) by the calling party.

The present invention provides a billing system and method which seamlessly and automatically bills a predetermined telephone line for a call placed by a calling party to a called party through a service. Additionally, it provides a billing system and method which operates within an Intelligent Network system. Finally, it provides a billing system and method that obtains both the call duration and the particular feature for the call without matching start times and merging data from different sources.

Brief Description of the Drawings

Figure 1 illustrates a block diagram showing a telecommunications system configured for implementing a preferred embodiment of the present invention.

Figure 2 illustrates a diagram showing a sample operation of the present invention interacting while utilizing a voice messaging system.

Figure 3 illustrates a block diagram showing a telecommunications system configured for implementing an alternate embodiment of the present invention.

Detailed Description of the Preferred Embodiment of the Present Invention

The present invention is a billing system that automatically charges a predetermined telephone line for a call which is placed by the user and also through a service. Preferably, the user is capable of setting any telephone line as this predetermined telephone line. Figure 1 illustrates a block diagram showing an Intelligent Network system 100 configured for implementing a preferred embodiment of the present invention. The Intelligent Network system 100 is shown for exemplary purposes only. It will be apparent to those skilled in the art to modify, substitute, or add elements to the Intelligent Network system 100 without departing from the scope of the present invention.

The Intelligent Network system 100 preferably includes switches 110, 120, 160, and 170; a signal control point (SCP) 140; a signaling system No. 7 (SS7) network 150; a voice mail system 130; a predetermined telephone line 175; a calling party 165; a called party 125; data links 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, and 188; and control links 191.

5

10

15

20

25

192, 193, 194, 195, and 196. Preferably, the switches 110 and 170 have advanced intelligent network (AIN) capabilities. More or fewer of these common elements can be added according to the invention.

In this preferred embodiment, the voice mail system 130 is preferably a full-featured voice mail system which is configured to store incoming messages, play stored messages, play outgoing messages, place outgoing calls, and the like. It will be apparent to those skilled in the art to substitute a different type of service such as call forwarding, directory assistance, specialty services (ie., 900 and 976 numbers), and the like in place of the voice mail system 130.

The SCP 140 preferably provides control signals to the voice mail system 130 and the switches 110, 120, 160, and 170, via the SS7 network 150. The switch 160 is preferably coupled to the calling party 165 via the data link 187, coupled to the SS7 network 150 via the control link 196, and coupled to the switch 110 via the data link 181. The switch 170 is preferably coupled to the predetermined telephone line 175 via the data link 185, coupled to the SS7 network 150 via the control link 195, and coupled to the switch 110 via the data link 183. The SCP 140 is preferably coupled to the SS7 network 150 via the control link 191. Preferably, the service 130 is coupled to the switch 110 via the data link 182 and coupled to the SS7 network via the control link 192. The switch 120 is preferably coupled to the calling party 125 via the data link 186, coupled to the switch 110 via the data link 184, and coupled to the SS7 network 150 via the control link 193. Preferably, the switches 160 and 120 are coupled together via the data link 188. It would be apparent to those skilled in the art to utilize additional or fewer data links and control links.

Figure 2 illustrates a diagram showing a sample operation of the preferred embodiment of the present invention while utilizing the voice mail system 130. For the sake of simplicity and clarity common elements which are shared with those in Figure 1 also share the same reference numerals. For example, the switches 110, 120, 160 and 170; the SCP 140; the calling party 165; the called party 125; the predetermined telephone line 175; and the service 130, are common in both Figures 1 and 2. Although the data links 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, and 188; and the control links 191, 192, 193, 194, and 195 are not shown in Figure 2, the switches 110, 120, 160 and 170; the SCP 140; the SCP 140; and the service 130 are linked together as shown in Figure 1.

5

10

15

20

Preferably, the diagram in Figure 2 illustrates steps which are taken by preferred embodiment of the present invention to automatically and seamlessly reconfigure a call placed by the calling party 165 through the voice mail system 130 such that, for billing purposes, this call appears to originate from a predetermined telephone line 175. Further, the preferred embodiment is configured to store both the duration of this call and the particular feature utilized during this call in a single location without matching start times from different sources and error correction associated with the same. Additionally, the preferred embodiment is capable of billing this call to the predetermined telephone line 175 even when the calling party 165 is in a remote location which is different from the predetermined telephone line 175.

In particular, the diagram in Figure 2 preferably illustrates how the present invention allows the calling party 165 to place a call through the voice mail system 130 from the switch 160. Further, this call is automatically and seamlessly billed to the predetermined telephone line 175 which in this case is through the switch 170.

In Figure 2, solid arrows preferably represent a path of a call and dotted arrows preferably represent a path of a control signal. First, the calling party 165 places the call wherein the call preferably originates from the switch 160. This call is then preferably transferred to the switch 110 which is represented by a solid arrow 300. Next, as a result of an advanced Intelligent Network (AIN) trigger, the switch 110 queries the SCP 140 which is represented by a dotted arrow 305. The SCP 140 then preferably instructs the switch 110 to connect to the voice mail system 130 and transmits a particular address associated with the voice mail system 130 to the switch 110 which is represented by a dotted arrow 310. After receiving the particular address associated with the voice mail system 130, the switch 110 connects the calling party 165 to the voice mail system 130 which is represented by a solid arrow 315. This call, which is placed by the calling party 165, is preferably routed from the calling party 165 through the switches 110 and 160 and reaches the voice mail system 130 as represented by the solid arrows 300 and 315. At this point, the calling party 165 is capable of interacting with the voice mail system 130. The interaction with the voice mail system can occur via the key pad on the telephone or by voice using conventional voice recognition techniques.

Next, the voice mail system 130 is directed to connect the calling party 165 with the called party 125. At this point, this billing system and method does not allow the voice

5

10

15

20

25



mail system 130 to directly connect with the called party 125. Instead, the present invention preferably directs the voice mail system 130 to convey information relating to the called party 125 to the SCP 140 which is represented by a dotted arrow 320. Preferably, the voice mail system 130 delivers this information relating to the called party to the SCP 140 using a protocol 1129. However, it will be apparent to those skilled in the art to substitute another protocol in place of the protocol 1129.

Next, the SCP 140 preferably instructs the switch 110 to route the call to the predetermined telephone line 175 through the switch 170. Recall that the predetermined telephone line 175 is previously selected by the calling party. These instructions from the SCP 140 to the switch 110 are represented by a dotted arrow 325. In response to these instructions, the call is transferred from the switch 110 to the switch 170 which is represented by a solid arrow 330. Recall from before that the switch 170 is coupled to the predetermined telephone line 175.

Next, the call to the switch 170 is terminated and the switch 110 then routes the call to the switch 160 which is represented by a solid arrow 332. The switch 170 associated with the predetermined telephone line 175 is preferably equipped with a terminating attempt trigger such that when the call is re-routed from the switch 170 to the switch 160, a query is preferably made to the SCP 140 and the terminating attempt trigger is activated. This query is represented by a dotted arrow 335. The SCP 140, based on information relating to the call identifies and communicates with the switch 170 that this call involves the calling party 165 accessing the voice mail system 130 and attempting to reach the called party 125 through the voice mail system 130 and that this call is to be billed to the predetermined telephone line 175. Further, in association with the predetermined telephone line 175, the switch 170 preferably stores the duration of this call and the particular feature utilized during this call. In other words, the SCP 140 knows that this call originates from the calling party 165 through the voice mail system 130 to reach the calling party 125. Through communication with the SCP 140, the switch 170 preferably stores the duration of this call and the particular feature utilized during this call. It is important to note that the billing system and method allows the calling party to be located at any location while interacting with the voice mail system 130.

Next, the SCP 140 instructs the switch 160 to route the call to the switch 120. These instructions from the SCP 140 to the switch 160 are represented by a dotted arrow

5

10

15

20

340. Upon receiving these instruction from the SCP 140, the switch 160 creates a new call from the switch 160 to the switch 120 which is represented by a solid arrow 345. As a result, the calling party which is coupled to the switch 160 can communicate with the called party which is coupled to the switch 120. Preferably, the solid arrow 345 represents a sole communication connection between the calling party and the called party.

Preferably, the present invention automatically performs all the data communications represented by the solid arrows (300, 315, 330, 332, and 345) and the control signal communications represented by the dotted arrows (305, 310, 320, 325, 335, and 340) between the switches (110, 120, 160, and 170), the voice mail system 130, and the SCP 140. In this example as shown in Figure 2, the present invention automatically and seamlessly allows the calling party 165 to interact with the voice mail system 130 from any location and then to contact the called party 125 without interruption. Further, the present invention preferably stores both the call duration and the feature utilized for the call between the calling party 165 and the called party 125 within the switch 170 to accurately charge the predetermined telephone line 175. As a result, the billing system and method eliminates the need to match start times among different sources to obtain both the call duration and the feature utilized during a call.

Figure 3 illustrates a block diagram showing an alternate embodiment of the present invention within an Intelligent Network system 400. The Intelligent Network system 400 shares many common elements with the Intelligent Network system 100 (Figure 1). For the sake of simplicity and clarity, common elements share the same reference numerals. For example, the switches 120 and 160; the SCP 140; and the service 130, are common in both Figures 1 and 3. Further, the data links 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, and 187; and the control links 191, 192, 193, 194, and 195 are common to both Figures 1 and 3. It is important to note that a switch 420 is substituted in place of the switch 110 (Figure 1), and a switch 410 is substituted in place of the switch 170 (Figure 1). The principal difference between the switches 410 and 420 compared to the switches 110 and 170 (Figure 1) is that the switches 410 and 420 do not have AIN capabilities.

In operation, after the calling party 165 connects with the voice mail system 130 and the voice mail system 130 determines that a call needs to be forwarded to the called party 125, the voice mail system 130 then conveys an address associated with the called party 125 to the switch 420. Next, the switch 420 calls the predetermined telephone line

5

10

15

20

25

175 and also bridges the calling party 165 to the predetermined telephone line 175. Next, the terminating attempt trigger is activated. From here, the billing system and method follows the query to the SCP 140 as described above and represented by the dotted arrow 355 as shown in Figure 2.

5

The present invention is not limited to interacting through a voice mail system. Instead, the present invention is configured to allow the calling party to reach the called party through any other type of service such as call forwarding, remote dialing, automated assistant, and the like.

10

The present invention has been described in terms of specific embodiments incorporating details to facilitate the understanding of the principles of construction and operation of the invention. Such reference herein to specific embodiments and details thereof is not intended to limit the scope of the claims appended hereto. It will be apparent to those skilled in the art that modifications may be made in the embodiments chosen for illustration without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention.

15

Specifically, it will be apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art that the device of the present invention could be implemented in several different ways and the billing system and method disclosed above is only illustrative of several embodiments of the invention and is in no way a limitation.

CLAIMS

- 1. A billing system for automatically charging a call to a predetermined telephone line, the billing system comprising:
 - a. a service configured to initiate a call that passes through the service;
 - b. a calling party selectively coupled to the service via the predetermined telephone line temporarily coupled to the call; and
 - c. a control point coupled to the service, the calling party, and the predetermined telephone line wherein the control point is configured to direct the call from the calling party directly to a called party such that the call is billed to the predetermined telephone line.
- 1 2. The billing system according to claim 1 wherein the service is a voice messaging system.
- 1 3. The billing system according to claim 1 further comprising a switch coupled to the control point configured to transfer the call from the service to the called party wherein the calling party and the called party are connected and the service is disconnected.
- 1 4. The billing system according to claim 1 wherein the predetermined telephone line is 2 selectively determined by the calling party.
- 5. A billing system having a control point for automatically billing a call to a predetermined telephone line wherein the call is placed by a user through a service to a called party wherein the control point is coupled to the service, the called party, and the predetermined telephone line, and further wherein the control point is configured to automatically re-connect the user directly to the called party without passing through the service.
- 6. A method of billing a call to a predetermined telephone line wherein a user initiates the call from a user location to a destination through a service, comprising the following

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

3	steps:		

- a. conveying data from the service to a control point, wherein the data

 indicates the predetermined telephone line, and the destination, and the user

 location;
 - b. temporarily routing the call to the predetermined telephone line;
- 8 c. forming a new call originating from the user location and terminating at the 9 destination; and
- d. automatically billing the new call to the predetermined telephone line.
- 7. The method according to claim 6 further comprising activating a terminating attempt trigger in a switch associated with the predetermined telephone line.
- 1 8. The method according to claim 7 further comprising automatically storing a call
- duration of the new call and a particular feature utilized during the new call on a switch in
- 3 response to activating the terminating attempt trigger.
- 1 9. The method according to claim 6 further comprising automatically storing a call
- duration of the new call and a particular feature utilized during the new call on a switch
- 3 associated with the predetermined telephone line.
- 1 10. The method according to claim 6 further comprising initializing the predetermined
- 2 telephone line.

- 1 11. The method according to claim 6 wherein the user location is not at the
- 2 predetermined-telephone line.
- 1 12. The method according to claim 6 wherein the user location is the predetermined
- 2 telephone line.
- 1 13. A method of billing a call to a predetermined telephone line wherein a user initiates
- 2 the call through a service from a user location to a destination, comprising the following
- 3 steps:

4	a.	conveying call data from the service to a control point wherein the control
5		point is coupled to the user location, the predetermined telephone line, and
6		the destination;
7	b.	terminating the call to the service;
8	c.	forming a new call to link the user location to the destination; and

- 1 14. The method according to claim 13 further comprising temporarily connecting the call to the predetermined telephone.
- 1 15. The method according to claim 14 further comprising the following steps:
 - b. automatically querying the service control point via a terminating attempt trigger located within a switch associated with the predetermined telephone line in response to terminating the call to the predetermined telephone line.

terminating the call to the predetermined telephone line; and

automatically billing the new call to the predetermined telephone line.

1 16. The method according to claim 15 further comprising storing a call duration of the new call and a particular feature utilized during the new call on the switch in response to querying the service control point.

9

2

3

4

5

d.

a.

1/3

FIG. 1

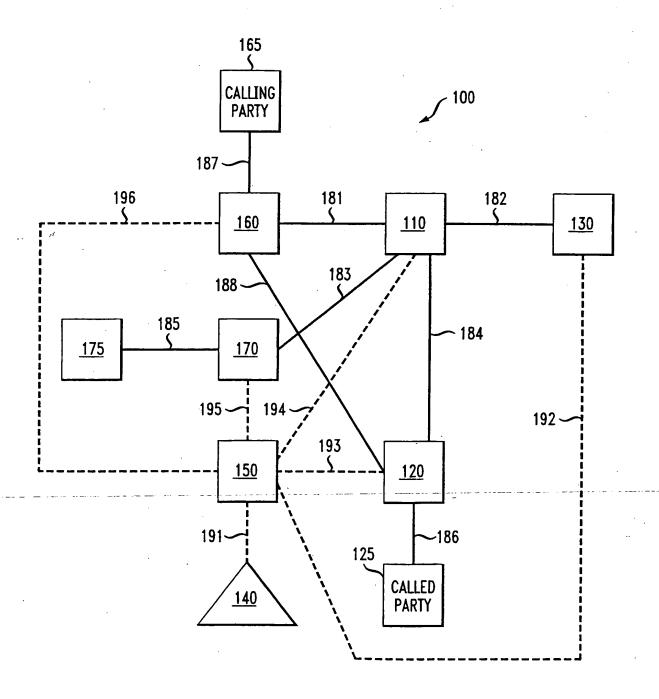
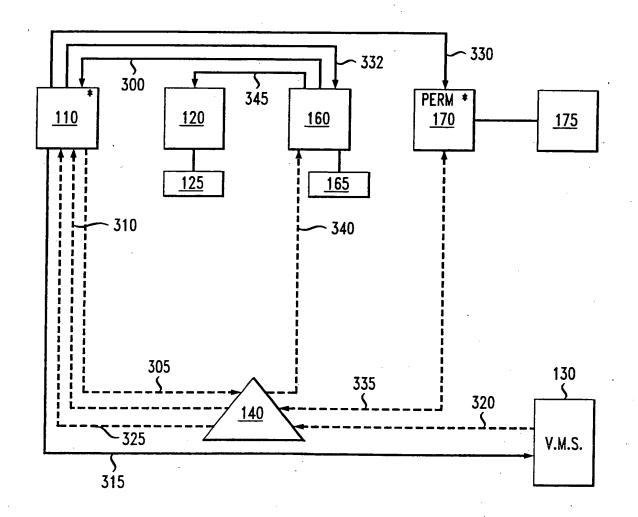
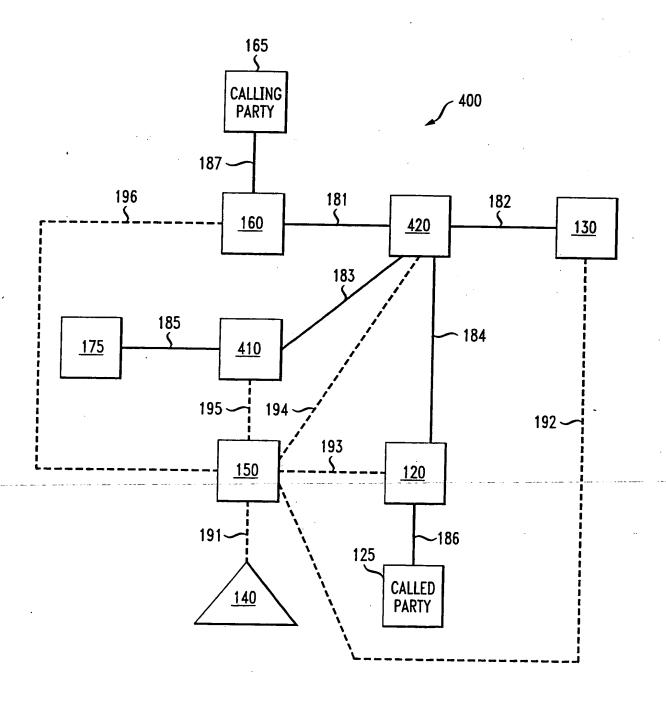


FIG. 2



3/3

FIG. 3



onal Application No PCT/US 00/04909

A CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER
IPC 7 H04M15/00 H04C H04Q3/00 H04M3/533 According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC B. FIELDS SEARCHED Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) IPC 7 H04Q H04M Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used) EPO-Internal, PAJ, INSPEC, WPI Data C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT Calegory * Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages Relevant to claim No. A US 5 577 110 A (AQUINO MARINO K) 1 - 1619 November 1996 (1996-11-19) column 1, line 34 -column 2, line 11 Α EP 0 543 235 A (ROLM CO) 1-16 26 May 1993 (1993-05-26) column 3, line 39 -column 4. line 27 US 5 058 152 A (KIMBALL JOHN ET AL) 1-16 15 October 1991 (1991-10-15) column 2, line 32 -column 3, line 50 Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C. Patent family members are listed in annex. Special categories of cited documents: *T* later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance invention earlier document but published on or after the international "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to filmg date document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone "Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such docu-'O' document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means ments, such combination being obvious to a person skilled document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed *&* document member of the same patent family Date of the actual completion of the international search Date of mailing of the international search report 5 December 2000 13/12/2000 Name and mailing address of the ISA Authorized officer European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl, Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016 Patlaka, E.

Form PCT/ISA/210 (second sheet) (July 1992)



Information on patent family members

Inte onal Application No
PCT/US 00/04909

Patent document cited in search report		Publication date	Patent family member(s)		Publication date	
US 5577110	A	19-11-1996	CA 2114273 A,C		27-10-1994	
			CN	1100864 A	29-03-1995	
			EP	0622936 A	02-11-1994	
			JP	6334755 A	02-12-1994	
	•		SG	46204 A	20-02-1998	
EP 0543235	Α	26-05-1993	US	5175761 A	29-12-1992	
			DE	69228290 D	11-03-1999	
	·		DE	69228290 T	02-06-1999	
US 5058152	Α	15-10-1991	AU	7156891 A	18-07-1991	
			CA	2071856 A,C	13-06-1991	
			WO	9109483 A	27-06-1991	
			US	5623536 A	22-04-1997	
			US	5604792 A	18-02-1997	
	-		US	5596627 A	21-01-1997	
			US	5768348 A	16-06-1998	
			US	5361295 A	01-11-1994	
			US	5809114 A	15-09-1998	

THIS PAGE BLANK (USPTO)